



**March  
2017**

**Bill Haslam  
Governor**

**TENNESSEE**

**Department of Labor and Workforce Development**

# The Labor Market Report

## Facts About Senior Citizens Month

President John F. Kennedy designated May 1963 as Senior Citizens Month to encourage the nation to pay tribute to older people across the country. In 1980, President Jimmy Carter's proclamation changed the name to Older Americans Month to celebrate those people 65 years and older.

### Population

As of July 2015, there were 47.8 million people 65 and older in the U.S. This was 14.8 percent of the population. In 2060, it is projected that 98.2 million people will be over 65. Of this number, 19.7 million will be over 85 years old. There will be 2.4 million baby boomers in 2060; the youngest of those baby boomers would be 96 years-old. According to population projections, 2056 will be the first year that there will be more Americans over 65 years old than under 18 years old.

The states with the highest percentage of seniors in 2015 were Florida (19.4 percent), Maine (18.8 percent), and West Virginia (18.2 percent). Those with the lowest percentage were Alaska (8.5 percent) and Utah (10.3 percent). The county with the highest percentage of seniors were Sumter (near Ocala), Florida (54.8 percent). The cities with the oldest median age are: Sumter County, Florida (66.6 years), Catron, New Mexico (60.1 years), Charlotte, Florida (58.4 years), and Alcona, Michigan (57.9 years). The cities with the youngest median age are: Lexington, Virginia (22.4 years) followed by Madi-

son, Idaho (23.2 years).

### Education, Income, & Jobs

In 2015, 82.8 percent of people over 65 years old had a high school education while 25.8 percent had a bachelor's degree or higher. There were 5.3 million full-time senior workers in 2015, up from 1.3 million in 1992. In 2015, there were 4.6 million senior men and 3.7 million women in the labor force.

The median household income, in 2015, for senior households was \$38,515. The median net worth for these households, in 2011, was \$170,516. In 2005, this amount was \$203,015 (in 2011 dollars). Eight point eight percent (8.8%) of Americans older than 65 years old (6.5 million) lived in poverty in 2015. Without SSI benefits the number of older Americans living in poverty would triple in size.

In 2016, 57.8 percent of all older Americans were married while 24 percent were widowed. Also in 2016, 79.5 percent of persons 65 years and older owned their own homes. In these homes, 35.3 million reported having a computer and 30.9 percent accessed the Internet using a high speed internet connection. In the 2014 election, 59.4 percent of those 65 years and older reported casting a ballot.

### Veterans

There were 9.3 million persons over 65 years old that were veterans of the armed forces in 2015. Of this group, 1.2 million were World War II (1941-1945) era veterans and 1.8 mil-

# Growth of the Senior Population

lion were Korean War (1950-1953) era veterans. There were 97,531 senior veterans that served in both of these wars. There were 258,218 female veterans over 65 years old. A majority of senior female veterans were over 75 years old (World War II and Korea era veterans).

In Tennessee, there were 267,413 veterans over 65 years old. Of that total, 5,281 were women. There were 103,527 veteran Tennesseans that served prior to the Vietnam era.

## Centenarians

According to the 2010 Census, there were 53,364 persons 100 years or older in the U.S. population. Of that amount, a majority were women. There were 20.7 centenarian men for every 100 centenarian women. Of the male centenarians, 43.5 percent lived with others in a household. Of the female centenarians, 35.2 percent resided in a nursing home. These were the most common living arrangements for both groups.

North Dakota was the only state with more than three centenarians per 10,000 people (3.29). North Dakota had the largest percentage of person 90 to 99 years old. North Dakota had 221 centenarians. The other states with high rates of centenarians (per 10,000 people) were South Dakota (2.95), Iowa (2.78). Nebraska (2.74), and Connecticut (2.60). The states at the bottom of this list were Alaska (0.56, 40 persons), Utah (0.67, 186 persons), Nevada (0.75, 203 persons), and Texas (1.16, 291 persons). The largest centenarian populations are in California (5,921), New York (4,605), and Florida (4,090).

## In Tennessee

According to the 2010 Census, there were 572,924 Tennesseans 70 years and older. This was 9.03 percent of the total Tennessee population (6,346,105). Statistically, this is the same as the United States percentage (9.02).

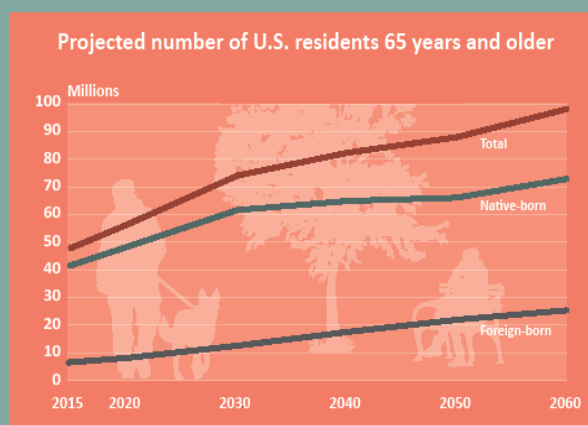
The 2010 Census showed 361,053 Tennesseans between the ages of 70 and 79. This was 5.7 percent of the total population (6,346,105). There were 178,931 Tennesseans between the ages of 80 and 89. This was 2.8 percent of the population.

The population of Tennesseans between the ages of 90 to 99 was 32,000 people (0.50 percent). The number of Tennessee residents over 100 years-old was 961 or 0.026 percent.

## Services for the Elderly

There are 4,815 continuing care retirement communities as of 2012. These businesses employed 423,627 people and generated \$27.6 billion in revenue. Of this number, 323 establishments, employing 11,332 people, and generating \$680 million are in Tennessee. These establishments provide a range of residential and personal care services with on-site nursing care facilities for the elderly and other people who are unable to care for themselves, and the elderly and other people who do not desire to live independently. There are 25,964 business establishments providing services for the elderly and people with disabilities in 2012. These nonresidential businesses employed 901,359 people generating \$34.1 billion in revenue.

## An Aging Nation



U.S. residents 65 years and older projected population increases between 2015 and 2060:

- Total—105.2 percent
- Native-born—75.9 percent
- Foreign-born—294.8 percent

United States  
Census  
Bureau

U.S. Department of Commerce  
Economic and Statistics Administration  
U.S. Census Bureau  
census.gov

Source: 2014 National Population Projections  
www.census.gov/population/projections/data/national/2014.html

# TENNESSEE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE 1987 to present

# COUNTY UNEMPLOYMENT RATES\*

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS)

MONTHLY DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

		Civilian Labor Force							
Year and Month	Total	Employ- ment	Employed				Unemployed		
			Nonfarm Employment				Number	Rate (%)	
			Total	**Manu- facturing	**Trade	**Services			
1987	2,334.8	2,180.7	2,011.6	497.4	477.2	408.9	154.1	6.6 %	
1988	2,345.2	2,208.6	2,092.1	511.9	495.6	440.3	136.6	5.8	
1989	2,367.3	2,247.2	2,167.2	524.5	508.4	467.2	120.2	5.1	
1990	2,394.7	2,266.8	2,193.2	493.4	379.1	611.0	128.0	5.3	
1991	2,413.7	2,250.6	2,183.6	480.3	373.0	626.7	163.1	6.8	
1992	2,457.2	2,297.4	2,245.0	492.8	374.1	664.8	159.8	6.5	
1993	2,526.9	2,380.5	2,328.5	502.8	382.5	709.8	146.4	5.8	
1994	2,659.9	2,531.1	2,423.0	513.8	398.4	751.4	128.8	4.8	
1995	2,732.2	2,591.5	2,498.9	518.0	412.6	795.0	140.7	5.2	
1996	2,767.0	2,623.8	2,533.3	501.5	420.9	814.3	143.2	5.2	
1997	2,786.1	2,639.2	2,584.0	498.0	430.5	849.7	146.9	5.3	
1998	2,812.4	2,691.5	2,638.4	498.6	437.1	875.7	120.9	4.3	
1999	2,852.4	2,739.2	2,685.3	494.7	443.6	900.8	113.3	4.0	
2000	2,843.1	2,733.3	2,728.9	488.1	447.5	930.9	109.8	3.9	
2001	2,861.3	2,731.0	2,688.3	454.2	446.6	921.5	130.4	4.6	
2002	2,906.6	2,756.1	2,664.4	428.5	438.7	938.0	150.5	5.2	
2003	2,912.2	2,748.1	2,667.5	414.1	440.8	950.3	164.0	5.6	
2004	2,878.7	2,725.1	2,706.1	411.8	447.5	978.7	153.6	5.3	
2005	2,904.8	2,743.4	2,743.1	408.8	454.6	1,005.6	161.4	5.6	
2006	3,036.0	2,878.5	2,783.1	400.1	460.6	1,030.4	157.6	5.2	
2007	3,063.7	2,920.4	2,797.4	380.0	463.5	1,052.8	143.3	4.7	
2008	3,054.8	2,853.7	2,774.8	361.0	457.0	1,058.2	201.0	6.6	
2009	3,052.7	2,733.1	2,619.8	309.2	427.8	1,025.3	319.6	10.5	
2010	3,090.8	2,792.1	2,615.4	298.9	423.5	1,041.2	298.7	9.7	
2011	3,125.3	2,844.7	2,661.4	304.4	427.1	1,076.8	280.6	9.0	
2012	3,100.7	2,857.9	2,714.0	313.4	433.3	1,112.2	242.7	7.8	
2013	3,072.5	2,832.9	2,749.7	318.8	437.2	1,139.2	239.6	7.8	
2014	3,040.1	2,841.5	2,822.2	324.9	441.1	1,184.4	198.6	6.5	
2015	3,070.9	2,899.2	2,893.9	333.0	445.5	1,224.0	171.8	5.6	
2016	3,135.1	2,984.3	2,965.8	343.3	453.7	1,260.5	150.8	4.8	
2017									
January	3,163.8	2,982.4	2,959.9	344.3	458.8	1,243.8	181.4	5.7 %	
February (r)	3,166.5	3,010.9	2,976.9	346.6	455.3	1,253.4	155.5	4.9	
March (p)	3,178.2	3,030.8	2,999.6	346.7	456.8	1,267.9	147.4	4.6	
April									
May									
June									
July									
August									
September									
October									
November									
December									

(r)=revised

(p)=preliminary

Trade = Wholesale and Retail Trade

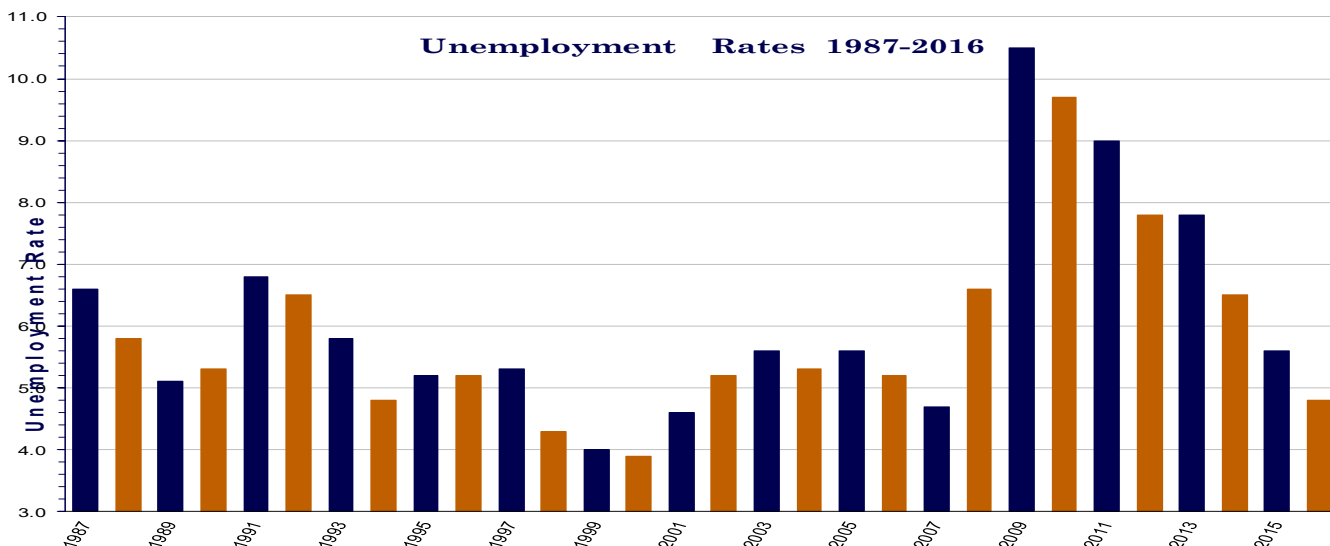
\*\*These industries not comparable to industry employment data before

1990 because of changes to NAICS coding system.

Services = Professional/Business Services, Educational/Health Services,

County	Mar 2016	Mar 2017	County	Mar 2016	Mar 2017
Anderson	4.5	5.1	Lauderdale	7.8	7.1
Bedford	4.5	4.6	Lawrence	5.5	5.2
Benton	7.0	6.6	Lewis	6.1	5.9
Bledsoe	6.7	7.2	Lincoln	3.8	4.3
Blount	4.2	4.5	Loudon	4.4	4.6
Bradley	4.2	4.5	Macon	4.1	4.1
Campbell	7.0	7.0	Madison	4.6	4.8
Cannon	4.4	4.3	Marion	5.7	5.8
Carroll	6.4	6.3	Marshall	4.5	4.0
Carter	5.4	5.6	Maury	3.9	3.9
Cheatham	3.8	3.9	McMinn	5.1	5.8
Chester	4.6	4.5	McNairy	6.5	6.5
Claiborne	5.9	6.2	Meigs	6.5	7.9
Clay	7.1	6.6	Monroe	5.1	4.9
Cocke	6.6	7.1	Montgomery	4.7	5.0
Coffee	4.5	4.6	Moore	3.7	3.6
Crockett	5.5	5.6	Morgan	6.3	6.1
Cumberland	5.9	6.0	Obion	6.6	6.5
Davidson	3.4	3.4	Overton	5.2	5.4
Decatur	7.1	6.9	Perry	6.0	6.8
DeKalb	5.4	6.1	Pickett	7.2	6.3
Dickson	4.2	4.2	Polk	5.4	5.5
Dyer	6.4	6.0	Putnam	4.5	4.8
Fayette	4.7	5.1	Rhea	6.7	8.3
Fentress	6.2	5.4	Roane	5.3	5.5
Franklin	4.1	4.8	Robertson	3.9	3.9
Gibson	5.7	5.8	Rutherford	3.4	3.6
Giles	3.9	4.0	Scott	7.2	6.8
Grainger	5.3	5.4	Sequatchie	5.7	5.7
Greene	5.1	5.2	Sevier	5.9	5.9
Grundy	6.1	6.0	Shelby	5.0	5.4
Hamblen	4.8	4.8	Smith	4.7	4.6
Hamilton	4.3	4.5	Stewart	7.2	6.3
Hancock	8.1	7.3	Sullivan	4.9	5.1
Hardeman	6.1	6.5	Sumner	3.6	3.7
Hardin	5.7	6.1	Tipton	5.6	5.4
Hawkins	5.3	5.4	Trousdale	5.0	4.3
Haywood	6.5	6.3	Unicoi	7.0	6.4
Henderson	7.1	6.6	Union	5.4	5.4
Henry	6.0	5.7	Van Buren	6.0	5.9
Hickman	4.4	4.3	Warren	4.4	4.6
Houston	8.0	7.0	Washington	4.4	4.6
Humphreys	6.1	5.3	Wayne	5.9	6.1
Jackson	6.7	7.3	Weakley	5.1	5.3
Jefferson	5.3	5.1	White	4.8	5.0
Johnson	4.9	4.9	Williamson	3.1	3.3
Knox	3.7	3.9	Wilson	3.6	3.7
Lake	7.4	7.3			

\*Data Not Seasonally Adjusted



# Statewide

## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	March 2016	Revised February 2017	Preliminary March 2017	Net Change	
				Mar. 2016 Mar. 2017	Feb. 2017 Mar. 2017
<b>Total Nonfarm</b>	<b>2,937.8</b>	<b>2,976.9</b>	<b>2,999.6</b>	<b>61.8</b>	<b>22.7</b>
<b>Total Private</b>	<b>2,498.8</b>	<b>2,538.6</b>	<b>2,557.6</b>	<b>58.8</b>	<b>19.0</b>
<b>Goods-Producing</b>	<b>457.3</b>	<b>468.5</b>	<b>470.7</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>2.2</b>
Mining, Logging, & Construction	116.1	121.9	124.0	7.9	2.1
Mining and Logging	4.0	4.1	4.1	0.1	0.0
Construction	112.1	117.8	119.9	7.8	2.1
Construction of Buildings	25.0	26.4	26.4	1.4	0.0
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	14.1	14.1	15.3	1.2	1.2
Specialty Trade Contractors	73.0	77.3	78.2	5.2	0.9
Manufacturing	341.2	346.6	346.7	5.5	0.1
Durable Goods Manufacturing	217.4	220.8	220.6	3.2	-0.2
Wood Product Manufacturing	11.9	12.0	12.1	0.2	0.1
Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	13.3	13.6	13.8	0.5	0.2
Primary Metal Manufacturing	10.6	10.5	10.5	-0.1	0.0
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	35.6	35.4	35.1	-0.5	-0.3
Machinery Manufacturing	25.0	25.4	25.6	0.6	0.2
Computer & Electronic Product Manufacturing	4.8	4.5	4.4	-0.4	-0.1
Electrical Equipment & Appliance Manufacturing	19.9	20.3	20.2	0.3	-0.1
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	71.5	74.1	73.7	2.2	-0.4
Furniture & Related Product Manufacturing	9.4	9.5	9.6	0.2	0.1
Miscellaneous Manufacturing Durable Goods	15.4	15.5	15.6	0.2	0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	123.8	125.8	126.1	2.3	0.3
Food Manufacturing	34.0	34.6	34.6	0.6	0.0
Beverage & Tobacco Product Manufacturing	6.2	6.8	6.8	0.6	0.0
Paper Manufacturing	14.5	14.1	14.2	-0.3	0.1
Printing & Related Support Activities	9.3	9.0	9.1	-0.2	0.1
Chemical Manufacturing	25.4	25.3	25.3	-0.1	0.0
Plastics & Rubber Products Manufacturing	22.9	24.2	24.3	1.4	0.1
Plastics Product Manufacturing	13.9	14.2	14.2	0.3	0.0
Rubber Product Manufacturing	9.0	10.0	10.1	1.1	0.1
Service-Providing	2,480.5	2,508.4	2,528.9	48.4	20.5
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	608.0	617.3	618.6	10.6	1.3
Wholesale Trade	118.9	120.2	120.5	1.6	0.3
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	61.6	61.9	62.2	0.6	0.3
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	40.7	41.1	41.0	0.3	-0.1
Wholesale Electronic Markets	16.6	17.2	17.3	0.7	0.1
Retail Trade	328.7	335.1	336.3	7.6	1.2
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	44.9	46.1	45.9	1.0	-0.2
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	9.2	9.4	9.5	0.3	0.1
Building Material, Garden Equipment, & Supplies	29.3	29.1	30.3	1.0	1.2
Food & Beverage Stores	54.0	54.5	53.6	-0.4	-0.9
Health & Personal Care Stores	23.7	24.4	24.4	0.7	0.0
Gasoline Stations	22.0	21.7	22.1	0.1	0.4
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	24.0	24.2	25.0	1.0	0.8
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	12.4	12.8	12.7	0.3	-0.1
General Merchandise Stores	71.0	76.1	76.1	5.1	0.0
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	17.3	16.8	16.8	-0.5	0.0
Nonstore Retailers	9.2	9.5	9.5	0.3	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	160.4	162.0	161.8	1.4	-0.2
Utilities	3.4	3.3	3.3	-0.1	0.0
Transportation & Warehousing	157.0	158.7	158.5	1.5	-0.2
Truck Transportation	58.0	59.7	60.0	2.0	0.3
Information	44.6	45.7	46.3	1.7	0.6
Financial Activities	150.1	153.7	154.1	4.0	0.4
Finance & Insurance	113.4	115.4	114.9	1.5	-0.5
Real Estate, Rental, & Leasing	36.7	38.3	39.2	2.5	0.9
Professional & Business Services	396.4	403.5	408.8	12.4	5.3
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	131.8	133.8	134.7	2.9	0.9
Management of Companies & Enterprises	44.3	45.1	45.3	1.0	0.2
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	220.3	224.6	228.8	8.5	4.2
Educational & Health Services	422.8	428.1	428.9	6.1	0.8
Educational Services	61.3	62.5	62.3	1.0	-0.2
Health Care & Social Assistance	361.5	365.6	366.6	5.1	1.0
Ambulatory Health Care Services	145.1	147.4	148.0	2.9	0.6
Hospitals	107.3	108.7	109.1	1.8	0.4
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	61.1	60.9	60.7	-0.4	-0.2
Social Assistance	48.0	48.6	48.8	0.8	0.2
Leisure & Hospitality	309.8	312.3	318.8	9.0	6.5
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	31.5	31.5	34.9	3.4	3.4
Accommodation & Food Services	278.3	280.8	283.9	5.6	3.1
Accommodation	34.2	34.5	35.1	0.9	0.6
Food Services & Drinking Places	244.1	246.3	248.8	4.7	2.5
Other Services	109.8	109.5	111.4	1.6	1.9
Government	439.0	438.3	442.0	3.0	3.7
Federal Government	49.0	48.7	48.6	-0.4	-0.1
State Government	100.0	101.9	102.0	2.0	0.1
State Government Educational Services	59.7	60.6	60.8	1.1	0.2
Local Government	290.0	287.7	291.4	1.4	3.7
Local Government Educational Services	145.9	144.2	145.3	-0.6	1.1

## NONFARM EMPLOYMENT & LABOR FORCE NARRATIVE

Total nonfarm employment increased by 61,800 jobs from March 2016 to March 2017. There were large increases in professional/business services (up 12,400 jobs), which includes increases of 8,500 jobs in administrative/support/waste management and 2,900 jobs in professional/scientific/technical services; construction (up 7,800 jobs), which includes an increase of 5,200 jobs in specialty trade contractors; and retail trade (up 7,600 jobs), which includes an increase of 5,100 jobs in general merchandise stores.

There were smaller increases in accommodation/food services (up 5,600 jobs), which includes an increase of 4,700 jobs in food services/drinking places; health care/social assistance (up 5,100 jobs), which includes an increase of 2,900 jobs in ambulatory health care services; financial activities (up 4,000 jobs), which includes an increase of 2,500 jobs in real estate/rental/leasing; arts/entertainment/recreation (up 3,400 jobs); transportation equipment manufacturing (up 2,200 jobs); and truck transportation and state government (both up 2,000 jobs). In the last 12 months there were no large decreases.

During March 2017, nonfarm employment increased by 22,700 jobs. There were increases in professional/business services (up 5,300 jobs), which includes an increase of 4,200 jobs in administrative/support/waste management; local government (up 3,700 jobs); arts/entertainment/recreation (up 3,400 jobs); accommodation/food services (up 3,100 jobs), which includes an increase of 2,500 jobs in food services/drinking places; construction (up 2,100 jobs); and other services (up 1,900 jobs).

Tennessee's seasonally adjusted estimated unemployment rate for March 2017 was 5.1 percent, down 0.2 percentage point from the revised February 2017 rate. The United States unemployment rate in March 2017 was 4.5 percent, down 0.2 percentage point from the revised February 2017 rate. In March 2016, the U.S. seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 5.0 percent while the state rate was 4.6 percent.

The state unemployment rates decreased in 91 counties, increased in three counties, and remained the same in Cannon County. Sevier County had the largest decrease (down 2.7 percent). In March, the lowest rate was in Williamson County at 3.3 percent, down 0.2 percentage point, from the previous month, while the highest rate was in Rhea County, at 8.3 percent, down from 8.7 percent in February.

The data from all the nonfarm employment estimates tables include all full- and part-time nonfarm wage and salary employees who worked during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded. These numbers may not add due to rounding. Data are based on the 2016 benchmark.



# CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

## CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

March 2016

February 2017

March 2017

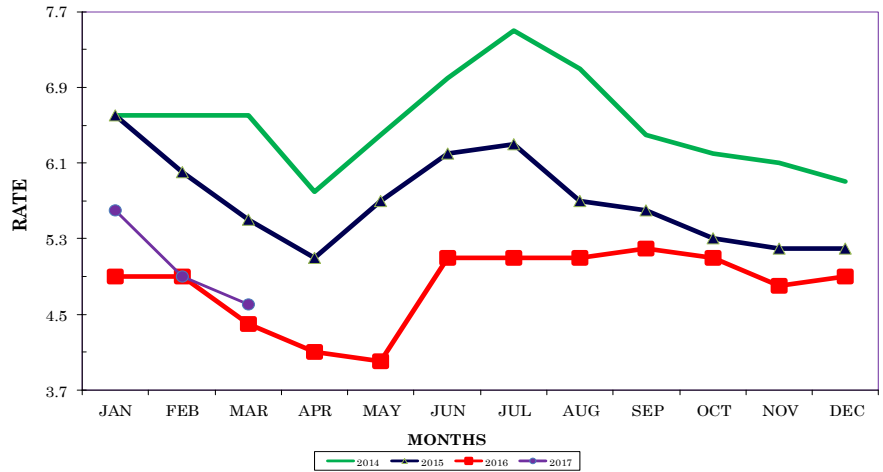
	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate
<b>Seasonally Adjusted</b>												
U.S.	159,278,000	151,301,000	7,977,000	5.0	160,056,000	152,528,000	7,528,000	4.7	160,201,000	153,000,000	7,202,000	4.5
TENNESSEE	3,116,900	2,972,900	144,000	4.6	3,195,600	3,026,200	169,400	5.3	3,203,200	3,038,700	164,600	5.1
<b>Not Seasonally Adjusted</b>												
U.S.	158,854,000	150,738,000	8,116,000	5.1	159,482,000	151,594,000	7,887,000	4.9	159,482,000	151,594,000	7,887,000	4.9
TENNESSEE	3,105,300	2,965,800	139,500	4.5	3,166,500	3,010,900	155,500	4.9	3,168,000	3,011,800	156,200	4.9
<b>Metropolitan Statistical Areas</b>												
Chattanooga	257,840	245,920	11,910	4.6	263,590	250,720	12,870	4.9	264,490	252,350	12,140	4.6
Clarksville	109,670	104,080	5,580	5.1	111,120	104,920	6,210	5.6	112,190	106,040	6,150	5.5
Cleveland	56,460	54,000	2,460	4.4	58,800	56,010	2,790	4.8	58,360	55,640	2,720	4.7
Jackson	62,450	59,530	2,920	4.7	63,330	60,180	3,150	5.0	63,880	60,770	3,110	4.9
Johnson City	89,750	85,380	4,380	4.9	90,540	85,570	4,970	5.5	90,770	86,220	4,550	5.0
Kingsport	137,290	130,620	6,670	4.9	137,480	130,370	7,110	5.2	137,830	131,070	6,760	4.9
Knoxville	408,950	391,830	17,130	4.2	414,200	394,940	19,260	4.6	414,030	395,670	18,360	4.4
Memphis	617,760	587,000	30,760	5.0	626,300	594,210	32,100	5.1	629,130	597,470	31,660	5.0
Morristown	50,420	47,880	2,540	5.0	51,210	48,390	2,820	5.5	51,290	48,750	2,540	4.9
Nashville	959,490	925,770	33,720	3.5	990,650	953,670	36,980	3.7	997,730	962,100	35,630	3.6
<b>Micropolitan Statistical Areas</b>												
Athens	22,860	21,690	1,180	5.1	23,040	21,750	1,290	5.6	23,050	21,720	1,330	5.8
*Brownsville	7,710	7,210	500	6.5	7,870	7,340	530	6.7	7,810	7,320	500	6.3
Cookeville	46,660	44,380	2,270	4.9	47,810	45,220	2,590	5.4	47,780	45,310	2,460	5.2
Crossville	23,220	21,860	1,360	5.9	23,740	22,120	1,620	6.8	23,920	22,480	1,430	6.0
*Dayton	13,450	12,550	900	6.7	13,510	12,330	1,180	8.7	13,500	12,380	1,120	8.3
Dyersburg	16,580	15,520	1,050	6.4	16,810	15,750	1,070	6.3	16,750	15,740	1,010	6.0
Greeneville	31,020	29,440	1,580	5.1	31,640	29,760	1,880	5.9	31,510	29,850	1,650	5.2
Lawrenceburg	17,850	16,870	980	5.5	17,780	16,800	980	5.5	17,820	16,900	930	5.2
Lewisburg	14,980	14,310	670	4.5	15,670	15,000	670	4.3	15,710	15,090	620	4.0
Martin	15,940	15,120	820	5.1	15,840	14,940	900	5.7	15,720	14,880	840	5.3
McMinnville	18,030	17,250	790	4.4	17,710	16,840	870	4.9	17,570	16,750	810	4.6
Newport	14,380	13,430	950	6.6	14,450	13,190	1,260	8.7	14,470	13,440	1,030	7.1
Paris	13,940	13,100	830	6.0	14,050	13,190	870	6.2	13,960	13,170	790	5.7
Sevierville	49,780	46,870	2,920	5.9	49,900	45,610	4,300	8.6	50,800	47,800	3,000	5.9
Shelbyville	19,560	18,680	890	4.5	19,960	18,980	980	4.9	20,020	19,100	920	4.6
Tullahoma	47,540	45,520	2,020	4.2	48,350	46,000	2,350	4.9	48,310	46,080	2,230	4.6
<b>Cities</b>												
Bartlett	30,080	28,920	1,160	3.8	30,400	29,150	1,250	4.1	30,580	29,370	1,210	4.0
Brentwood	20,570	19,920	640	3.1	21,280	20,510	770	3.6	21,460	20,690	770	3.6
Bristol	11,640	11,010	620	5.3	11,590	11,000	590	5.1	11,660	11,050	620	5.3
Chattanooga	80,740	77,030	3,710	4.6	82,750	78,560	4,190	5.1	83,050	79,080	3,970	4.8
Clarksville	58,720	55,910	2,810	4.8	59,380	56,180	3,200	5.4	59,790	56,680	3,110	5.2
Cleveland	20,230	19,300	930	4.6	21,010	20,020	990	4.7	20,850	19,890	960	4.6
Collierville	24,440	23,630	810	3.3	24,790	23,820	980	3.9	24,960	23,990	970	3.9
Columbia	16,730	15,940	790	4.7	17,150	16,430	720	4.2	17,270	16,570	700	4.1
Cookeville	13,440	12,770	670	5.0	13,740	13,040	700	5.1	13,750	13,080	670	4.9
Franklin	39,950	38,730	1,210	3.0	41,250	39,880	1,370	3.3	41,530	40,230	1,290	3.1
Gallatin	17,270	16,530	740	4.3	17,740	17,020	720	4.1	17,870	17,170	690	3.9
Germantown	19,440	18,780	670	3.4	19,640	18,930	720	3.7	19,750	19,060	690	3.5
Hendersonville	30,190	29,200	990	3.3	31,240	30,060	1,180	3.8	31,430	30,340	1,090	3.5
Jackson	31,070	29,610	1,460	4.7	31,520	29,890	1,630	5.2	31,860	30,230	1,630	5.1
Johnson City	31,040	29,690	1,360	4.4	31,190	29,740	1,450	4.6	31,360	29,980	1,380	4.4
Kingsport	22,520	21,420	1,110	4.9	22,670	21,390	1,280	5.6	22,680	21,490	1,190	5.3
Knoxville	93,900	90,050	3,850	4.1	94,800	90,730	4,070	4.3	94,870	90,940	3,930	4.1
LaVergne	18,000	17,350	650	3.6	18,560	17,880	680	3.7	18,750	18,040	720	3.8
Lebanon	13,830	13,240	590	4.3	14,260	13,650	620	4.3	14,380	13,760	620	4.3
Maryville	13,300	12,790	510	3.9	13,480	12,890	590	4.4	13,450	12,910	540	4.0
Memphis	288,040	272,060	15,980	5.5	291,760	274,240	17,520	6.0	293,660	276,250	17,410	5.9
Morristown	11,270	10,680	600	5.3	11,420	10,790	630	5.5	11,460	10,870	590	5.1
*Mount Juliet	16,470	15,890	580	3.5	16,980	16,380	610	3.6	17,110	16,510	600	3.5
Murfreesboro	68,400	65,990	2,410	3.5	70,660	68,000	2,660	3.8	71,200	68,620	2,580	3.6
Nashville	372,250	359,620	12,630	3.4	383,910	370,260	13,650	3.6	387,020	373,790	13,240	3.4
Oak Ridge	13,970	13,390	570	4.1	14,150	13,490	660	4.7	14,210	13,530	690	4.8
Smyrna	24,730	23,860	870	3.5	25,510	24,590	920	3.6	25,710	24,810	900	3.5
Spring Hill	18,890	18,320	570	3.0	19,540	18,870	670	3.4	19,680	19,030	640	3.3

\*2016 Census changes: **Micropolitan Areas**-Dayton and Brownsville added, Columbia, Harriman, Humboldt, LaFollette deleted. **Cities**: Mount Juliet added and Union City deleted..

Total nonfarm employment in Chattanooga increased by 1,400 jobs from February 2017 to March 2017. There were increases in leisure/hospitality (up 500 jobs) and retail trade, nondurable goods manufacturing and local government (all up 200 jobs). This was partially offset by a decrease in professional/business services (down 200 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 6,300 jobs. During the year, goods-producing jobs increased by 1,100 while service-providing jobs increased by 5,200.

**CHATTANOOGA MSA  
UNEMPLOYMENT RATES  
(NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)**



**ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)**

Industry	March 2016	Revised February 2017	Preliminary March 2017	Net Change Mar. 2016 Mar. 2017	Feb. 2017 Mar. 2017
Total Nonfarm	249.4	254.3	<b>255.7</b>	6.3	1.4
Total Private	212.4	216.0	<b>217.1</b>	4.7	1.1
Goods-Producing	41.8	42.5	<b>42.9</b>	1.1	0.4
Mining, Logging, & Construction	10.2	9.9	<b>10.0</b>	-0.2	0.1
Manufacturing	31.6	32.6	<b>32.9</b>	1.3	0.3
Durable Goods Manufacturing	16.8	17.0	<b>17.1</b>	0.3	0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	14.8	15.6	<b>15.8</b>	1.0	0.2
Service-Providing	207.6	211.8	<b>212.8</b>	5.2	1.0
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	51.5	52.5	<b>52.7</b>	1.2	0.2
Wholesale Trade	8.3	8.4	<b>8.4</b>	0.1	0.0
Retail Trade	26.9	27.6	<b>27.8</b>	0.9	0.2
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	16.3	16.5	<b>16.5</b>	0.2	0.0
Information	3.1	3.0	<b>3.1</b>	0.0	0.1
Financial Activities	15.7	16.1	<b>16.1</b>	0.4	0.0
Professional & Business Services	28.8	28.7	<b>28.5</b>	-0.3	-0.2
Educational & Health Services	33.4	33.6	<b>33.6</b>	0.2	0.0
Leisure & Hospitality	27.0	28.5	<b>29.0</b>	2.0	0.5
Other Services	11.1	11.1	<b>11.2</b>	0.1	0.1
Government	37.0	38.3	<b>38.6</b>	1.6	0.3
Federal Government	5.4	5.4	<b>5.4</b>	0.0	0.0
State Government	6.8	7.0	<b>7.1</b>	0.3	0.1
Local Government	24.8	25.9	<b>26.1</b>	1.3	0.2

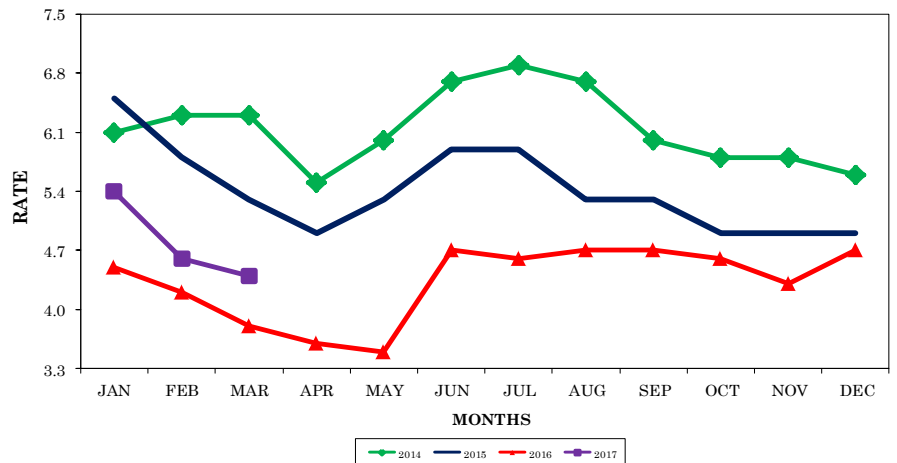


## Knoxville MSA -Anderson, Blount, Campbell, Grainger, Knox, Loudon, Morgan, Roane, Union

Total nonfarm employment in Knoxville increased by 300 jobs from February 2017 to March 2017. There were increases in professional/business services (up 800 jobs), leisure/hospitality (up 600 jobs), and local government (up 500 jobs). This was partially offset by declines in durable goods manufacturing (down 400 jobs); state government, retail trade, and mining/logging/construction (all down 300 jobs); and educational/health services and nondurable goods manufacturing (both down 200 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 3,000 jobs. During the year, goods-producing jobs increased by 100 while service-providing jobs increased by 2,900.

### KNOXVILLE MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES (NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)



### ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	March 2016	Revised February 2017	Preliminary March 2017	Net Change	
				Mar. 2016 Mar. 2017	Feb. 2017 Mar. 2017
Total Nonfarm	389.6	392.3	<b>392.6</b>	3.0	0.3
Total Private	328.4	330.9	<b>331.0</b>	2.6	0.1
Goods-Producing	55.2	56.2	<b>55.3</b>	0.1	-0.9
Mining, Logging, & Construction	17.5	17.5	<b>17.2</b>	-0.3	-0.3
Manufacturing	37.7	38.7	<b>38.1</b>	0.4	-0.6
Durable Goods Manufacturing	28.0	28.6	<b>28.2</b>	0.2	-0.4
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	9.7	10.1	<b>9.9</b>	0.2	-0.2
Service-Providing	334.4	336.1	<b>337.3</b>	2.9	1.2
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	78.6	79.9	<b>79.6</b>	1.0	-0.3
Wholesale Trade	16.8	17.2	<b>17.1</b>	0.3	-0.1
Retail Trade	47.2	47.9	<b>47.6</b>	0.4	-0.3
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	14.6	14.8	<b>14.9</b>	0.3	0.1
Information	5.7	5.6	<b>5.7</b>	0.0	0.1
Financial Activities	18.8	19.5	<b>19.4</b>	0.6	-0.1
Professional & Business Services	62.2	60.9	<b>61.7</b>	-0.5	0.8
Educational & Health Services	52.7	53.5	<b>53.3</b>	0.6	-0.2
Leisure & Hospitality	40.4	40.6	<b>41.2</b>	0.8	0.6
Other Services	14.8	14.7	<b>14.8</b>	0.0	0.1
Government	61.2	61.4	<b>61.6</b>	0.4	0.2
Federal Government	5.3	5.4	<b>5.4</b>	0.1	0.0
State Government	19.8	20.5	<b>20.2</b>	0.4	-0.3
Local Government	36.1	35.5	<b>36.0</b>	-0.1	0.5

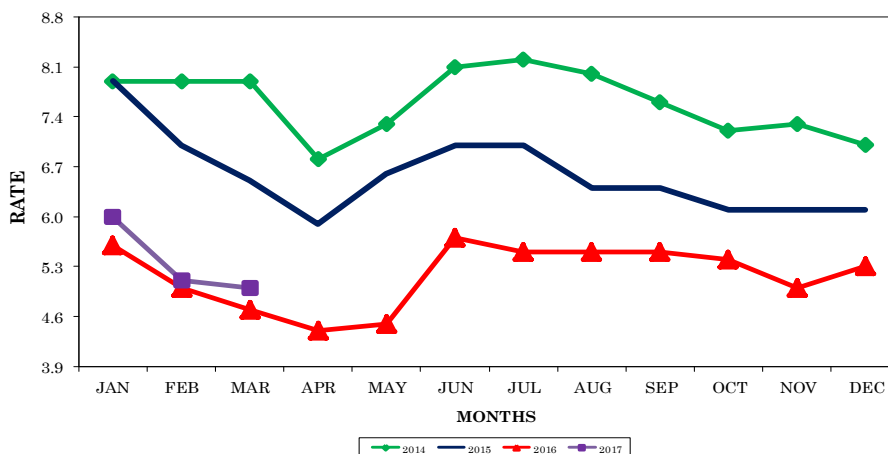


# Memphis MSA - TN - Fayette, Shelby, Tipton AR - Crittenden MS - Benton, DeSoto, Marshall, Tate, Tunica

Total nonfarm employment increased by 4,200 jobs from February 2017 to March 2017. There were increases in retail trade (up 700 jobs); wholesale trade and professional/scientific/technical services (both up 500 jobs); educational/health services, mining/logging/construction, and transportation/warehousing/utilities (each up 400 jobs); other services; administrative/support/waste management; and leisure/hospitality (each up 300 jobs); and local government (up 200 jobs). There were no large decreases during the month.

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 8,500 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs increased by 4,200, while service-providing jobs increased by 4,300.

## MEMPHIS MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES (NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)



## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	March 2016	Revised February 2017	Preliminary March 2017	Net Change Mar. 2016 Mar. 2017	Net Change Feb. 2017 Mar. 2017
Total Nonfarm	633.2	637.5	641.7	8.5	4.2
Total Private	550.0	555.6	559.7	9.7	4.1
Goods-Producing	66.4	70.1	70.6	4.2	0.5
Mining, Logging, & Construction	20.9	23.3	23.7	2.8	0.4
Manufacturing	45.5	46.8	46.9	1.4	0.1
Durable Goods Manufacturing	24.6	25.3	25.4	0.8	0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	20.9	21.5	21.5	0.6	0.0
Service-Providing	566.8	567.4	571.1	4.3	3.7
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	171.1	174.5	176.1	5.0	1.6
Wholesale Trade	35.4	36.3	36.8	1.4	0.5
Retail Trade	66.9	68.9	69.6	2.7	0.7
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	68.8	69.3	69.7	0.9	0.4
Information	5.7	5.6	5.7	0.0	0.1
Financial Activities	27.6	27.7	27.7	0.1	0.0
Professional & Business Services	96.0	93.6	94.5	-1.5	0.9
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	24.1	24.4	24.9	0.8	0.5
Management of Companies & Enterprises	7.2	7.5	7.6	0.4	0.1
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	64.7	61.7	62.0	-2.7	0.3
Educational & Health Services	92.0	92.6	93.0	1.0	0.4
Leisure & Hospitality	66.2	67.1	67.4	1.2	0.3
Other Services	25.0	24.4	24.7	-0.3	0.3
Government	6.8	6.8	7.1	0.3	0.3
Federal Government	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0
State Government	1.5	1.5	1.7	0.2	0.2
Local Government	5.0	5.0	5.1	0.1	0.1



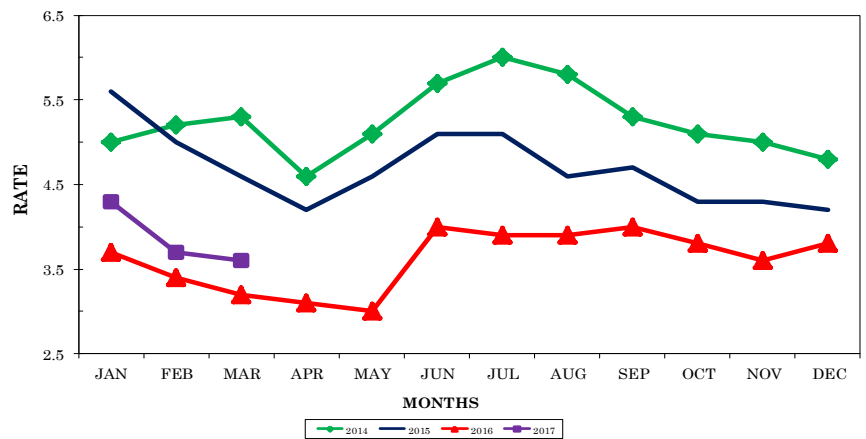


# Nashville MSA — Cannon, Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Hickman, Macon, Maury, Robertson, Rutherford, Smith, Sumner, Trousdale, Williamson, Wilson

Total nonfarm employment increased by 8,000 jobs from February 2017 to March 2017. There were increases in professional/business services (up 2,600 jobs), which includes increases of 1,900 jobs in administrative/support/waste management and 600 jobs in professional/scientific/technical services; state government (up 1,400 jobs); leisure/hospitality (up 1,300 jobs); mining/logging/construction and local government (both up 1,200 jobs); financial activities (up 400 jobs); retail trade (up 300 jobs); and transportation/warehousing/utilities (up 200 jobs). These increases were partially offset by declines in educational services and wholesale trade (both down 300 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 36,700 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs increased by 7,400, while service-providing jobs increased by 29,300.

## NASHVILLE MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES (NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)



## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	March 2016	Revised February 2017	Preliminary March 2017	Net Change Mar. 2016 Mar. 2017	Net Change Feb. 2017 Mar. 2017
Total Nonfarm	936.3	965.0	973.0	36.7	8.0
Total Private	818.1	846.4	851.7	33.6	5.3
Goods-Producing	119.8	126.1	127.2	7.4	1.1
Mining, Logging, & Construction	38.5	42.0	43.2	4.7	1.2
Manufacturing	81.3	84.1	84.0	2.7	-0.1
Durable Goods Manufacturing	58.3	61.1	61.0	2.7	-0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	23.0	23.0	23.0	0.0	0.0
Service-Providing	816.5	838.9	845.8	29.3	6.9
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	177.6	182.3	182.5	4.9	0.2
Wholesale Trade	38.9	39.4	39.1	0.2	-0.3
Retail Trade	95.5	98.3	98.6	3.1	0.3
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	43.2	44.6	44.8	1.6	0.2
Information	22.4	23.5	23.6	1.2	0.1
Financial Activities	61.1	63.1	63.5	2.4	0.4
Professional & Business Services	151.7	157.0	159.6	7.9	2.6
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	59.6	64.2	64.8	5.2	0.6
Management of Companies & Enterprises	20.8	21.4	21.5	0.7	0.1
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	71.3	71.4	73.3	2.0	1.9
Educational & Health Services	144.5	149.0	148.7	4.2	-0.3
Educational Services	28.1	30.5	30.2	2.1	-0.3
Health Care & Social Assistance	116.4	118.5	118.5	2.1	0.0
Leisure & Hospitality	102.4	106.1	107.4	5.0	1.3
Other Services	38.6	39.3	39.2	0.6	-0.1
Government	118.2	118.6	121.3	3.1	2.7
Federal Government	13.5	13.5	13.6	0.1	0.1
State Government	29.8	30.0	31.4	1.6	1.4
Local Government	74.9	75.1	76.3	1.4	1.2

## Nonfarm Employment (Smaller MSAs)

	Clarksville, TN-KY MSA		Cleveland, TN MSA		Jackson, TN MSA	
	Feb. 2017 Revised	Mar. 2017 Prelim.	Feb. 2017 Revised	Mar. 2017 Prelim.	Feb. 2017 Revised	Mar. 2017 Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	89,100	89,900	48,300	48,000	68,200	68,900
Total Private	69,600	70,500	42,400	42,000	54,100	54,700
Goods-Producing	13,800	13,800	11,500	11,700	13,200	13,300
Mining, Logging, & Construction	3,000	3,100	1,500	1,600	2,700	2,700
Manufacturing	10,800	10,700	10,000	10,100	10,500	10,600
Service-Providing	75,300	76,100	36,800	36,300	55,000	55,600
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	16,500	17,000	8,900	8,900	12,500	12,700
Wholesale Trade	N.A.	N.A.	900	900	2,900	2,900
Retail Trade	12,400	12,500	5,200	5,200	7,700	7,900
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	2,300	2,300	2,800	2,800	1,900	1,900
Information	1,400	1,500	300	300	500	500
Financial Activities	3,200	3,200	1,600	1,600	2,100	2,100
Professional & Business Services	8,800	8,800	7,200	6,600	7,300	7,300
Educational & Health Services	11,800	11,800	5,700	5,600	10,600	10,800
Leisure & Hospitality	10,900	11,100	5,000	5,100	6,100	6,200
Other Services	3,200	3,300	2,200	2,200	1,800	1,800
Government	19,500	19,400	5,900	6,000	14,100	14,200
Federal Government	5,500	5,400	300	300	500	500
State Government	3,500	3,500	800	900	2,000	2,000
Local Government	10,500	10,500	4,800	4,800	11,600	11,700

	Johnson City, TN MSA		Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA MSA		Morristown, TN MSA	
	Feb. 2017 Revised	Mar. 2017 Prelim.	Feb. 2017 Revised	Mar. 2017 Prelim.	Feb. 2017 Revised	Mar. 2017 Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	80,100	80,600	121,100	121,600	46,000	46,300
Total Private	63,600	64,100	104,500	2,800	39,200	39,200
Goods-Producing	9,600	9,600	27,700	5,700	13,000	13,000
Mining, Logging, & Construction	2,100	2,100	7,000	104,700	1,900	1,900
Manufacturing	7,500	7,500	20,700	27,800	11,100	11,100
Service-Providing	70,500	71,000	93,400	93,800	33,000	33,300
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	13,700	13,700	24,800	24,700	10,000	9,800
Wholesale Trade	2,100	2,100	4,400	4,400	1,800	1,800
Retail Trade	10,800	10,800	15,400	15,300	5,900	5,800
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	800	800	5,000	5,000	2,300	2,200
Information	1,400	1,400	1,500	1,500	400	400
Financial Activities	4,300	4,300	3,600	3,600	900	900
Professional & Business Services	8,800	9,200	9,900	9,800	4,100	4,100
Educational & Health Services	14,200	14,300	18,800	18,900	5,800	5,900
Leisure & Hospitality	9,200	9,200	12,900	13,000	3,900	4,000
Other Services	2,400	2,400	5,300	5,400	1,100	1,100
Government	16,500	16,500	16,600	16,900	6,800	7,100
Federal Government	2,800	2,800	900	900	300	300
State Government	5,700	5,700	2,600	2,600	1,500	1,700
Local Government	8,000	8,000	13,100	13,400	5,000	5,100

**Clarksville MSA** is Montgomery County, Christian County, KY, & Trigg County, KY. **Cleveland MSA** is Bradley & Polk counties. **Jackson MSA** is Chester, Crockett, & Madison counties. **Johnson City MSA** is Carter, Unicoi, & Washington counties. **Kingsport-Bristol MSA** is Hawkins County, Sullivan County, Scott County, VA, Washington County, VA, & Bristol City, VA. **Morristown MSA** is Hamblen & Jefferson counties.

# U.S. Consumer Price Index — March 2017

Group	All Urban Consumers			Wage & Clerical Earners		
	Index	Percent Change		Index	Percent Change	
		Yearly	Monthly		Yearly	Monthly
<b>U.S. City Average</b>						
<b>All Items (1982-84=100)</b>	<b>243.801</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>237.656</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Food and beverages	248.967	0.5	0.1	247.976	0.4	0.2
Housing	248.978	3.1	0.1	245.098	3.1	0.1
Apparel	128.250	0.6	1.7	127.740	0.4	2.1
Transportation	200.091	4.6	0.5	198.359	5.0	0.5
Medical care	474.561	3.5	0.0	479.285	3.6	0.0
<b>South</b>						
<b>All Items (1982-84=100)</b>	<b>236.154</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>231.920</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Food and beverages	246.783	0.2	0.0	245.713	0.1	0.0
Housing	229.760	2.8	0.2	229.902	3.0	0.2
Apparel	136.803	0.1	2.6	136.982	0.2	3.5
Transportation	200.798	5.2	0.3	197.414	5.5	0.3
Medical care	457.812	4.8	-0.1	449.588	5.0	0.0

## HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVG. HOURLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS		
	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.
	2016	2017	2017	2016	2017	2017	2016	2017	2017
Manufacturing	\$741.63	\$806.58	\$813.23	\$17.45	\$19.25	\$19.18	42.5	41.9	42.4
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$743.27	\$836.58	\$843.63	\$17.53	\$20.11	\$19.85	42.4	41.6	42.5
Non-Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$739.56	\$759.05	\$764.36	\$17.32	\$17.86	\$18.07	42.7	42.5	42.3

## ALL EMPLOYEE HOURS AND EARNINGS

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVG. HOURLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS		
	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.
	2016	2017	2017	2016	2017	2017	2016	2017	2017
Total Private	\$753.30	\$800.75	\$788.60	\$21.34	\$22.62	\$22.34	35.3	35.4	35.3
Goods-Producing	\$937.00	\$1,000.30	\$993.63	\$22.47	\$23.76	\$23.49	41.7	42.1	42.3
Mining, Logging and Construction	\$901.31	\$943.26	\$953.96	\$23.35	\$23.88	\$24.09	38.6	39.5	39.6
Manufacturing	\$947.94	\$1,019.96	\$1,006.13	\$22.20	\$23.72	\$23.29	42.7	43.0	43.2
Private Service-Providing	\$710.81	\$755.97	\$743.94	\$21.03	\$22.30	\$22.01	33.8	33.9	33.8
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	\$657.38	\$698.71	\$688.48	\$19.11	\$20.43	\$20.19	34.4	34.2	34.1
Information	\$998.38	\$1,173.22	\$1,148.90	\$27.81	\$32.32	\$31.22	35.9	36.3	36.8
Financial Activities	\$953.83	\$1,030.37	\$990.26	\$25.99	\$27.55	\$26.62	36.7	37.4	37.2
Professional and Business Services	\$925.28	\$985.73	\$975.06	\$25.35	\$27.23	\$27.01	36.5	36.2	36.1
Education and Health Services	\$775.48	\$798.88	\$791.15	\$22.22	\$22.76	\$22.54	34.9	35.1	35.1
Leisure and Hospitality	\$328.03	\$349.24	\$345.77	\$12.24	\$13.08	\$12.95	26.8	26.7	26.7
Other Services	\$628.22	\$648.46	\$651.42	\$19.51	\$19.77	\$19.80	32.2	32.8	32.9

## TENNESSEE & UNITED STATES UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Seasonally Adjusted/ TN Solid Line)

